

# Heat Problems for Chapter 10

Name \_\_\_\_\_ Period \_\_\_\_\_

Show your method for each problem: The Hup, Two, Three, Four.

1. The temperature in a classroom is  $24.0^{\circ}\text{C}$ . What is the Kelvin reading? Ans:  $297^{\circ}\text{K}$ . Hint:  $\text{K} = \text{C} + 273$ .

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2. Liquid nitrogen boils at  $77.0^{\circ}\text{K}$ . What is the reading on the Celsius scale? Ans:  $-196.2^{\circ}\text{C}$ . Hint:  $\text{K} = \text{C} + 273$ .

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3. How many calories will be needed to change the temperature of  $500.0\text{ g}$  of water from  $20.0^{\circ}\text{C}$  to  $100.0^{\circ}\text{C}$ ? Ans:  $4.00 \times 10^4\text{ cal}$ . Hint: Use  $Q = mc\Delta t$ .

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4. What is meant by the coefficient of linear expansion?

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5. What provision is made to allow for the expansion of (a) concrete highways, (b) bridges?

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6. A piece of copper pipe is  $5.00\text{ m}$  long at  $20.0^{\circ}\text{C}$ . If it is heated to  $70.0^{\circ}\text{C}$ , what is the increase in its length? Coefficient of expansion for Cu is  $16.8 \times 10^{-6}\text{ } \Delta l/l^{\circ}\text{C}$ . Ans:  $4.20 \times 10^{-3}\text{ m}$ .

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7. How much heat is given out when 85.0 g of lead cools from 200.0°C to 10.0°C?  $c$  for lead = 0.03 cal/g.C°. Ans:  $4.9 \times 10^2$  cal. *Hint: Use  $Q = mc\Delta t$ .*

8. If 10.0 g of water at 0.0°C is mixed with 20.0 g of water at 30.0°C, find the final temperature of the mixture?  $c$  for water = 1.00 cal/g.C°. *Hint: Heat Lost = Heat Gained, so  $Q_l = Q_g$ .* Ans: 20.0°C.

9. How many calories are given off by 50.0 g of steam at 100.0 °C when it condenses to water at 100.0°C ? Heat of condensation for steam is 538 cal/g. Ans:  $2.69 \times 10^4$  cal.

10. Using the *Example Warming Curve Problem* found in your notes or at the on-line notes, calculate the **Total number of calories** needed to change 20.00 grams of ice at -15.00°C to water vapor at +125.00°C. **Show each of the five steps!** Ans: 14,760 calories.